Company's Articles of Association concerning the Shareholders Meeting

1. Closing of Share Registration Book

Article 15: In the course of 21 days prior to each meeting of the shareholders, the Company may suspend the registration of share and notify the shareholders in advance by placing the notice at the head office and its branch office not less than 14 days before the date commencing the suspension of share transfer.

2. Rule and procedure to elect the Board of Directors

Article 17: The meeting of shareholders shall elect the Board of Directors in accordance with the rules and procedures as follows:

- (1) Every shareholder shall have one vote for each share of which he is the holder;
- (2) Each shareholder may exercise all the votes he has under the (1) above to elect one or several director(s). In the event of electing several directors, he may not allot his votes to each unequally.
- (3) The persons receiving the highest votes in their respective order of the votes shall be elected as directors at the number equal to the number of directors required at that time. In the event of an equality of votes among the persons elected in order of respective high numbers of votes, which number exceeds the required number of directors of the Company at that time, the chairman of the meeting shall be entitled to a second or casting vote.

3. Calling of Shareholders Meeting

Article 30: The Board of Directors shall arrange for an Annual General Meeting of Shareholders within 4 months from the last day of the fiscal year of the Company.

The meeting of shareholders other than that in the first paragraph shall be called the Extraordinary General Meetings of Shareholders.

The Board of Directors may summon an Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders whenever the Board deems appropriate. The shareholders holding shares altogether at not less than ten (10) percent of the total number of shares sold may submit their names in a letter requesting the Board of Directors to call an extraordinary general meeting at any time, but the subjects and reasons for calling such meeting shall be clearly stated in such request. In such case, the Board of Directors shall proceed to call a meeting of shareholders to be held within forty-five (45) days as from the date of receipt of such request from the shareholders.

In case that the Board of Directors does not hold the shareholders' meeting within the period as prescribed in the preceding paragraph, the shareholders who subscribe their names or other shareholders holding the number of shares as required may call such meeting within forty-five (45) days from the deadline prescribed therein. In this regard, the meeting called by the shareholders shall be considered as those called by the Board of Directors. The company shall be responsible for necessary expenses arising from such meeting and reasonably provide facilitation therein.

In case the quorum of the shareholders' meeting called by the shareholders as prescribed under the preceding paragraph cannot be formed according to Article 32, the subscribed shareholders stated in the preceding paragraph shall be collectively responsible to the Company for expenses arising from such meeting.

Article 31: In summoning for any meeting of shareholders, the Board of Directors shall send notice of the meeting specifying the place, date, time, agenda of the meeting and the subject matter to be submitted to the meeting together with reasonable details and shall deliver the same to the shareholders and the Registrar for reference not less than 7 days prior to the meeting. Besides, the notice of the meeting shall also be announced in a newspaper for not less than 3 days before the meeting.

4. The Quorum

Article 32: The meeting of shareholders must be attended by not less than 25 shareholders or proxy (if any) or not less than a half of total number of shareholders holding an aggregate number of shares not less than one-third of all shares sold in number to constitute a quorum.

In the event at any meeting of shareholders, after one hour from the time fixed for the meeting commencement, the number of shareholders' present is still not enough to form a quorum as required, if such meeting of shareholders was requested for by the shareholders, such meeting shall be revoked. If such meeting of shareholders was not called for by the shareholders, the meeting shall be called for again and in the latter case notice of the meeting shall be delivered to shareholders not less than 7 days before the meeting. In the subsequent meeting no quorum is required.

5. Granting Proxy

Article 33: At a meeting of shareholders, shareholders may appoint any other person who is sui juris as proxy present and voting on his behalf. The proxy form must be dated and signed by the principal and according to the form as prescribed by the Registrar.

The proxy form must be submitted to the Chairman of the Board or other person designated by the Chairman of the Board at the meeting venue before the proxy attending the meeting.

6. Voting

Article 34: The resolution of the meeting of shareholders shall be supported by the following votes:

- (1) in a normal case, by the majority vote of the shareholders who attend the meeting and cast their votes. In case of an equality of vote, the chairman of the meeting shall be entitled to a casting vote.
- (2) in the following cases, by a vote of not less than three-fourths (3/4) of the total number of shareholders present at the meeting and entitled to vote:
 - a. the sale or transfer of whole or essential parts of business of the Company to other persons.
 - b. the purchase or acceptance of transfer of businesses of other companies or private companies to the Company's own.
 - c. entering into, amending or terminating the contract relating to the leasing out of business of the Company in whole or in essential parts; the assignment to anyone else to manage the businesses of the Company or the amalgamation of the businesses with other persons with an objective to share profit and loss.
 - d. amendment of the Memorandum of Association or Articles of Association of the Company.
 - e. increase or decrease of the capital of the Company or the issuance of debentures.
 - f. the amalgamation or liquidation of the Company.